## M'CURDY SHOWS

Mutual Life President Refuses to Auswer Some Questions Asked.

DIVIDEND REDUCTIONS A VERY TOUCHY SUBJECT

#### Wisconsin Commissioner Said to Have Accepted Liberal Retainer.

NEW YORK, Oct. 17 .- Testimony in the insurance investigation, which was resumed today after a week's adjournment of the legislative committee, was most exciting throughout the day, and only the repeated threats of Senator Armstrong, chairman of the committee, to clear the room, prevented violent demonstrations of disapprobation of the witness, who was Richard A. McCurdy, president of the Mu-tual Life Insurance company.

Jeers Interrupt Testimony.

As it was, however, there were jeers at several periods of the day's testimony that temporarily interrupted the testimony. These came when Mr. Hughes, counsel for the committee, asked questions that Mr. McCurdy was reluctant to answer or evaded, and were made by the crowd that stood at the back of the room, which long ago proved inadequate to accommodate the counsel and witnesses and the crowd of spectators.

Interest More Intense.

Where this investigation is going to lead or where it is going to end has caused no small amount of conjecture, and, in some quarters anxiety. With the many threats that have been taken up and dropped before they have been followed to their ends in order that some new lead may be taken up, and with the additional features that are disclosed almost every day, the interest grows more intense.

Employs Literary Buyeau.

Employs Literary Bureau.

Employs Literary Bureau.

In Mr. McCurdy's testimony today a new feature was disclosed, and this was that the Mutual company employed a literary bureau to send out to the press of the country news matter that was of benefit to the company. This information was elicited during the probing of the legal expense account. It came out when a voucher for the payment of \$250 to Joseph Howard Jr., in 1904, was produced. Another voucher for the same amount, paid in May, 1905, was marked "repayable on demand" and "for professional services."

Syndicated News Stories.

Syndicated News Stories.

Mr. McCurdy had visced the vouchers, and explained that Mr. Howard was a newspaper correspondent, and that his ervices consisted in syndicating news

Pressed further, Mr. McCurdy said:
"Mr. Howard was a correspondent for
the Boston Globe and several other pa-

Mr. McCurdy said he paid Mr. Howard about \$2500 a year, and that the voucher for May, 1906, was "really a lean or an

Reduction of Dividends.

Reduction of Dividends.

During the earlier sension of the day in attempt was made to obtain from Mr. McCurds the reason for reducing the dividends on policies as the business increased and the assets piled up. This ansation was prompted by the large number of letters received from policy-holders by the committee. These letters came from all over the country. Mr. Hughes and, but he read a number from policy-holders who reside in this city. One in particular, for \$300 that in 1878 drew a dividend of \$55.76, had been gradually cut until in 1994 it received only \$1.

Wouldn't Discuss It. Wouldn't Discuss It.

To all questions on this matter the witness was not fortified with the information sought, said that these were not essential matters and when pressed replied that he refused to discuss the question. He would proffer a witness, his actuary, whose business it was to know these things, but as for himself he would not discuss the question.

Demeanor Is Defiant.

Mr. McCurdy's demeanor was so defant hat the spectators bent forward to catch every word and stood on tiptoe, expecting every moment to hear him directed by counsel to answer the question. His protect of another witness was all that prevented steps being taken toward his indictment. When Mr. McCurdy would not offer the information himself Mr. Hughes started on another line of inquiry. Mr. McCurdy's demeanor was so defiant

Chairman Explains.

Chairman Explains.

Later in the day Chairman Armstrong explained that since the information desired by the committee could be obtained by another course it was agreeable to the committee to let Mr. McCurdy place himself in the position he did. Had he, however, been directed to answer, and knowing the information desired, had then refused. Mr. Armstrong said, steps would have been taken to indict him for a misdemeanor, which is the offense of a witness refusing to answer questions before a Legislative committee while the Legislature were in session refusal to answer would have constituted contempt.

Denounces Inquisition.

Denounces Inquisition. Denounces Inquisition.

Mr. McCurdy also during the effort to induce him to answer the questions as to the reduction of dividends launched forth into a protest as to the manner in which the investigation was being conducted. He said the committee was going beyond the scope intended when it was appointed by the Legislature, and that the investigation had assumed the proportions of an inquisition. He was asked by Senator Armstrong how he would conduct the investigation, and was told that if he had any better method the committee would be giad to know of it. Mr. McCurdy thought that being a witness under eath made him feel he was on the rack. He said his answers were published in a distorted form that appeared like an attempt to ruin him.

McCurdy Is Facetious.

McCurdy Is Facetious.

After taking up the questions of the reductions of dividends Mr. Hughes read a long list of policy numbers that had been paid and the dividends received by the policy holders. Asked what he had to say to these. Mr. McCurdy said:

"Figures don't lie, but liars can figure." He hastily explained that he meant that facetiously, and that he would be very glad to verify the figures.

Under Pay at Albany.

The legal expenses were again recurred to, and a number of vouchers were read. It was brought out that William Barnes. Sr., of Albany, had appeared before committees in Albany last winter, and had received 51000 from the New York Life and the same amount from the Murual. Later it was brought out in a letter to Mr. McCurdy from William Barnes, Jr., that Mrs. Barnes, Sr., was under an annual retainer to the Mutual Life.

A voucher in 1902 for 110,000, payable to A voucher in 1902 for 110,000, payable to H. Bowles, was explained by Mr. Mc-urdy as part payment in settlement of suit Mr. Bowles had brought against he company. Mr. Bowles had been discussed by the company for insubordination.

Says He Threw Mud.

Mr. McCurdy said today that insubordi-ation consisted in "throwing mud" and rying to injure the company Mr. Bowles has not been in business

wince he severed his connection with the Mutual Life in Milwaukee. Mr. Bowles is visiting in this city at the present time, and tonight gave out a statement in which he said:

"The aspersions cast upon me by the speculations and deductions drawn out by the testimony offered in the insurance investigation are false, and I stand ready to go before the honorable body and give the facts."

Accepted a "Retainer."

Mr. McCurdy was quistioned concerning a payment of \$500 to William A. Ericke, a former Insurance Commissioner of Wisconsin. Mr. McCurdy testified that this payment was made after the receipt of a letter from Charlion T. Lewis, saying that Mr. Fricke would accept a retainer "to see that the Interests of the Mutual Life should come to no harm" in that State. Mr. McCurdy authorized the payment of the money.

Will Be Recalled.

Will Be Recalled.

The entire testimony of the day was a continual thrust and parry between the counsel and the witness, and when adjournment was taken for the day Mr. Hughes had not finished with Mr. McCardy The latter will be recalled tomorrow and questioned along the lines of the trust companies and subsidiary organizations of the Mutual Life.

Hyde and McIntyre Ready. The fact that James R. Hyde had re-turned to the city and that William H. McIntyre would voluntarily return to ap-pear before the committee was an an-nouncement of much moment today. It was stated today that neither Mr. Hyde nor Mr. McIntyre will be called this week.

At a meeting of the committee after the nession it was determined to hold sessions three days this week.

Looking After Legislation.

At the afternoon session Mr. McCurdy was questioned conserning Mr. Field's business in Albany. He replied:
"He was looking after legislation. If legislation was not watched in every State, every corporation would be culpable for not protecting its interests if legislation was not watched the insurance companies would be legislated and superintended out of business in five years. It is the duty of insurance companies to watch legislation in all the States."

Letter From Lewis.

Mr. Hughes showed to Mr. McCurdy a peti-tion for the payment of 1500 to Emma Fricke, former Insurgance Commissioner of Wisconsin, and a letter from Charles Lewis, an attorney of Madison. Wis. The letter stated that Mr. Fricks would accept a retainer "to see that the interests of the Mutual Life should come to no harm" in that State. Mr. McCurdy did not remember the details.

Educating Their Minds.

"Mr. Levis told me he had spent a water in educating the minds of legislators in either Michigan. Wisconsin or Ohlo with regard to certain legislation affecting the insurance company. He proceeded to the capital of the State and discovered the residences of political god-parents, relations and neighborhoods of the legislators. It meant journey after journey up and down the State and the inducing of men to go, too, who would expect their expenses and something.

Got \$5000 for It.

Then he went to Washington and spent ome weeks getting acquainted with the Senaors and Congressmen from that State. He rot on a friendly footing with them so that is might speak to them of the damage the agislation would do the insurance business, and got letters from them back to the legislation for the state Assembly. For this he ecsived \$500 for his own services and employing men, but not one dollar except for legitinate purposes." tte purposes."
"What did he pay men for?"

Paid Them to Listen.

hought it necessary to oppose? "That would not be in my province. If I mdertook to run all the departments I would con run myself under ground."

Jogged His Memory. .

"Do you recall the attempt last winter to repeal section 52 of the insurance law, under which no motion to force any domestic insurnce company to give an accounting could be rought without the comment of the Attorney

brought without the coment of the Attorney-General?

At first Mr. McCurdy said he did not re-member such a bill, but finally said he did remember that there was such a bill, brought in by State Senator Brackett.

"What attitude did you take in the matter?"

"None that I am aware of.
"Did you rot pay William Barnes, Sr., of Albany, a bill lately."

Sent in Mis Bill.

Sent in His Bill.

"No. Tes, now I remember he said he had appeared before a committee and argued some questions before it. He sent in his bill and I paid it, repiled Mr. McCurdy.

Mr. Hughes produced a voucher and correspondence. This showed that \$10,009 was paid Barnes for three arguments and certain documents drawn up for the insurance committee at Albany. The correspondence explained that the late Edward L. Short, solicitor of the company, had arranged to pay Mr. Barnes for opposing the Brackett bill, the New York Life jaying him a like amount. The letter stated that Mr. Barnes had received 11000 from Judge Hamilton on behalf of the New York Life, and the bill to the Mutual was for the same amount.

In Whose Interest?

"In what some was it to the interest of the olicy-holders to oppose the repeal of this secion?"

I do not suppose I paid the least attention o what the services were. I received a note from the acting head of the department and o authorized the payment."

Te there any possibility, if the matters are eft to the law department, of bills in the interest of the policy-holders being opposed?"

Is Facetious Again. 'If they were, I should get another genera

Will you give your own epinion of this proposed repeal?"
"I will shanden my usual habit of novel reading tonight and will give my best atten-tion to this matter. I do not like to answer off-hand."

Settles Bowles's Suit.

A voucher for \$10,000, dated May 22, 1902, for the first payment of a contract on that date to Thomas H. Bowles, was brought up. Witness said Bowles was an agent at one time. The money was in part settlement of a suit Bowles brought against the company for claims after his removal in Milwaukee. Bowles organized a campeign of policy-holders against the company, and the company settled the suit for \$30,000.

Denounced the President.

Witness said Bowles was removed for in-subordination, which consisted of opposing the changing of his general agency to a salaried agency. Mr. Bowles had addressed a letter to the trustess denouncing the president. Mr. McCardy could not say whether he had a copy of that letter. Mr. Hughes handed to the witness a package and asked if he recognized it as a copy of Mr. Bowles's communication, which he did.

which he did.

The letter charged extravagance in the management of the company neglect of all sound principles in inviting business; that it was consumed with ambition to write new business.

### All Run Down

Wanting in vitality, vigor, vim,-that is a condition that no one can safely neglect, for it is the most common predisposing cause of disease. The blood is at fault; it needs purifying or enriching and the best medicine to take is

Hood's Sarsaparilla

# ROYAL

## Baking Powder Absolutely Pure

Royal Baking Powder is indispensable to finest cookery and to the comfort and convenience of modern housekeeping. Royal Baking Powder makes hot breads, cakes and pastry wholesome. Perfectly leavens without fermentation. Qualities that are peculiar to it alone.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK,

officials. The trustees referred the matter to the pres-dent with power, witness testified. He adde that the board had not read the letter. Wit-ness read only sufficient of it (a see what it was, and then removed Bowles.

Defends His Relations.

To the charge in the Bowles letter that Mc-Jurdy provided fat offices for his family, wit-ces replied in a long statement how his son, tobert H. McCurdy, had become the general namager. Witness detailed the education his on had received to adapt him to take up the oreign business and said, also, he was loyal to the company. o the company
"I know of no other man's son in this city,
"anywhere else." he continued, "who could
old that position as the man I appointed

Reads Lawyer's Complaint.

Mr. Hughes read a complaint made by a prominent lawyer, well known to President McCurdy. The lawyer in a long letter, described the falling off in the dividends of his own and twenty-five other policies. The figures given in the lawyer's letter indicated that the dividends began decreasing in 1856, going down, in his case, from 816 in that year to 32.75 in 1904. Mr. Hughes stated that before 1855 the theory of a high surplus was not put in operation, and up to that date policy-holders were paid reasonable dividends bur under the surplus theory dividends decreased.

Could Be Explained.

"I have no doubt the statements made in the letter can be successfully controverted or properly explained by persons in the employ of the company conversant with the facts," was the reply. Said Mr. Hughes.
"I will ask you if the excess of interest from which dividends are paid to policy-hold-ers is not now less that in former years."
"If it said so in our official literature it must be so," "But the interest earned was not so much educed as to affect your salary?"

Salary Not Pertinent.

"I don't think that question is pertinent."
I think it is very pertinent."
I did not its my safary or discuss it in ammendatory way. Other people fixed it.
"Would you not think it proper to conside in connection with the diminishing rate of

"I am not considering any such condition." DANCE EXCURSION

To American Fork

\$1.00-October 24-\$1.00. Special train leaves via "Salt Lake Route" 7 30 p. m. Music by Hanson's

FALSE SPIRIT MEDIUM

Fraudulent Manifestations Charged Against Woman.

MINNEAPOLIS, Oct. 17 -A sensation was sprung at the opening session of the thirteenth annual convention of the National Association of Spiritualists today when the National board of trustees reported finding Mrs. C. W. Stewart of St. Louis, better known as Mrs. S. K. Folsom, guilty of fraudulent manifestations and obtaining a false spirit medium. No sooner was the finding of the board of trustees handed to Mrs. Stewart than her husband, who sat with her in the front of the church, said he would, this afternoon, appeal the case to the convention.

Mrs. Folsom had a hearing before a committee of the National association in September at St. Louis and was there found guilty through the alleged confession of an assistant.

Mrs. Folsom in turn says this confession is false and part of a conspiracy to cause her downfall and promises some sensational counter charges. tional Association of Spiritualists today

#### TRANSPORT SHERMAN IN

Number of Soldiers and Passengers Left Behind.

SAN FRANCISCO. Oct. 17.—The United States army transport Sherman arrived loday from Manila with a large number of cabin passengers, 247 enlisted men and twenty military prisoners. About twenty soldlers and several passengers, who went ashore at Nagasaki, were left behind as the vessel sailed sooner than was anticipated.

ticipated.

Among the officers on board were Lieut-Col. W. T. Tucker of the pay department, and Maj. W. K. Wright of the Twentieth infantry.

The transport also conveyed the body of Col. W. H. Baldwin, who recently died in the Philippines. Mrs. Baldwin and family accompanied the remains.

#### PROMOTION FOR MICHAEL

Old-Time Department Clerk to Be Given Consular Job.

WASHINGTON. Oct. 17—An important change of officials of the State department has been determined upon by the President and Secretary Root. Col. William H. Michael, who has been chief clerk of the department since the late John Sherman was Secretary of State, is to be succeeded by Charles Denby of Indiana. a son of the late Charles Denby, one time United States Minister to China.

Col. Michael is to be transferred to an important post in the Consular service, a post which will pay him a much larger salary than that he is now receiving.

Bunker Hill's Dividend.

the great alterative and tonic—builds up the whole system.

SPOKANE Wash. Oct. I.—The Bunker Hill & Sullivan mine at Wardner, Ida., has declared a monthly dividend of 1190. payable November 4. This makes a total of \$2,550.00 paid since January 1. and a total of \$2,550.00 paid since the beginning of operations. The Bunker Hill & Sullivan mine at Wardner, Ida., has declared a monthly dividend of 1190. payable November 4. This makes a total of \$2,550.00 paid since the beginning of operations. The Bunker Hill & Sullivan mine at Wardner, Ida., has declared a monthly dividend of 1190. payable November 4. This makes a total of \$2,550.00 paid since Hill & Sullivan mine at Wardner, Ida., has declared a monthly dividend of 1190. payable November 4. This makes a total of \$2,550.00 paid since Hill & Sullivan mine at Wardner, Ida., has declared a monthly dividend of 1190. payable November 4. This makes a total of \$2,550.00 paid since Hill & Sullivan mine at Wardner, Ida., has declared a monthly dividend of 1190. payable November 4. This makes a total of \$2,550.00 paid since Hill & Sullivan mine at Wardner, Ida., has declared a monthly dividend of 1190. payable November 4. This makes a total of \$2,550.00 paid since the beginning of operations. The Bunker Hill & Sullivan mine at Wardner, Ida., has declared a monthly dividend of 1190. payable November 4. This makes a total of \$2,550.00 paid since the beginning of operations. The Bunker Hill & Sullivan mine at Wardner, Ida., has declared a monthly dividend of 1190. payable November 4. This makes a total of \$2,500.00 paid since the beginning of operations. The Bunker Hill & Sullivan mine at Wardner, Ida., has declared a monthly dividend of 1190. payable November 4. This makes a total of \$2,500.00 payable November 4. This makes a total of \$2,500.00 payable November 4. This makes a total of \$2,500.00 payable November 4. This makes a total of \$2,500.00 payable November 4. This makes a total of \$2,500.00 payable November 4. This makes a total of \$2,500.00 payable November 4. This ma

## **WILL ENTERTAIN THE** N.E.A. REPRESENTATIVES

Educational Committee of Commercial Club Has Matter in Charge.

sittee of the Commercial club will be held this evening at 8 o'clock to plan for the en-tertalnment of Nathan Schaeffer, who arrives tertainment of Nathan Schaeffer, who arrives here on Friday morning. Mr. Schaeffer is president of the National Education association and with Mr. Wilkinson, the treasurer, comes to Sait Lake to learn whether or not it will be possible for this city to entertain the association at the annual meeting next year. They are ready to give the convention to Sait Lake. In fact, are anxious to but must have the assurance that Sait Lake is able to care for 15:00 visitors.

Referred to Governors.

The matter of entertaining the distinguished distors was referred by the board of governors to the committee on education. This committee includes William Nelson, chairman; W. McCornick, F. B. Stephens, S. B. Tuttle, A. J. Weber, John E. Dooly, W. V. Rice, B. K. Thomas, M. H. Walker, H. P. Henderson, D. J. Salisbury, W. H. Tibtals, T. O. Webber, and T. M. Walker, H. P. Henderson, D. J. Salisbury, W. H. Tibtals, T. O. Webber, Matt. Thomas. In addition to these, there will be present tonight at the meeting State Superintendent. Nelson, City Superintendent Thristenseen and President Kingsbury of the University of Utah.

Plans Not Completed.

Plans have not yet been completed, but it is kely that a public reception in bonor of the isitors will be given at the Commercial club in Friday evening.

#### LINEVITCH GETS ORDERS

Is Instructed to Take Steps for Withdrawing Troops.

drawing Troops.

ST. PETERSBURG. Oct. 17.—The War office has communicated the news of the radification of the peace treaty to Gen Linevitch, who has been ordered to arrange the necessary steps to carry out the provisions for the withdrawal of the Russian troops from Manchuria in eighteen months and the evacuation of Korea, and instructing him to communicate with the Japanese commander if necessary. Orders have already been given for the return to Russia of the army reserve men and the Thirteenth corps, which was on its way to the front when peace was on its way to the front when peace was arranged. Though the interned vessels are free to

leave neutral ports, the date of their de-parture has not been fixed. The cruiser Lens, now at San Francisco, and the transports will go to Vladivostok. CASTORIA The Kind You Have Always Bought

Chart Heletere Signature

FEVER FIGHT ABOUT OVER

No More Patients to Be Received a Emergency Hospital.

NEW ORLEANS, Oct. 17.-Report to o. m.; New cases, 6; total to date, 2335. leaths, I; total to date, 435; new foci, 2 cases under treatment, 125; cases

Further evidence that the Marine Hospital authorities believe the extinction of yellow fever in New Orleans to be a matter of only a short time was given today, when it was announced that no further patients would be received for treatment in the emergency hospital. There were in the hospital today only twenty-three under treatment, and when these have been discharged as cured it will be finally closed

closed.

The services of eleven acting surgeons recruited from the ranks of prominent physicians were dispensed with today.

CONGRESSMEN IN CANYON Delegation Will Inspect Flagstaff Region Next.

gion Next.

GRAND CANYON, A. T., Oct. II.—Congressmen Tawney, Davis and Steenerson of Minnesota, Marshall of North Dakota and Minor of Wisconsin, a portion of the Congressional party now inspecting Arizona, teday went to the bottom of the Grand canyon, while the rest of the party drove over the reservation and inspected the timber reserve. The entire party banqueted at the Elicovar hotel tonight, as the guests of the Santa Fe railroad company, and left at midnight for Flagstaff. Wednesday the party will inspect the sawnills and timber region near Flagstaff, A committee of Flagstaff citizens met the party here today, and the prescott party returned home.

TEA

We don't know, in this tountry, how good tea isthe most of us-some of us

It isn't the tea's fault.

## GREENE HELPS OUT VENEZUELA

Former President National Asphalt Company Testifies in New York.

SAYS BERMUDEZ CONCERN DID HELP GEN. MATOS

Had Censured Officers for Alleged Breach of Faith in Matter.

NEW YORK, Oct. 17.-Gen. Francis V. Greene, former president of the National Asphalt company, was examined today before United States Commissioner (3)1christ us a witness in behalf of the Venezuelan Government in the action instituted by the latter against the New York and Bermudez company to recover about \$110,000,060 because of the latter organization's alleged assistance of the Matos rev-olution in 1991

Asked but One Question.

Gen. Greene was asked but one ques-tion, his reply being to the effect that the defendant company did materially aid the revolutionists. The question put to Gen. Greene by Lawyer Rufus B. Cowing, Jr., represent-ing the Venezuelan Government, was as follows:

Query Put to Greene.

"State whether when you returned from Europe in 1901, you knew that John M. Mack, Avery D. Andrews and Arthur Sewell, or any of them, as representatives of the National Asphalt company, or any of the allied companies, were in communication with M. A. Matos, or were aiding him with money or in any other manner."

What They Told Him.

What They Told Him.

What They Told Him.

"My only knowledge," replied Gen. Greene, "on this matter comes from what was told me by Messrs. Mack, Andrews and Sewell. When I returned from Europe in October, 1961. I was surprised to learn from them that during my absence they had decided to support Mates in his contest with Castro. I told them that I thought they had made a great mistake, because what they had done was not acting in good faith with the State department in Washington, which up to that time, and largely on representations made by me to Secretary May, had supported the Bermudez company to such an extent as to enable it to continue in possession of its property.

Not in Good Faith.

Not in Good Faith.

Not in Good Faith.

"I told them that in view of what they had done during my absence it would be impossible for me to make any further claims at the State department in Washington in behalf of the Bernudez company, and in fact I never did after that go to the State department in behalf of the asphalt company.

"While I was president of the National Asphalt company Mr. Mack and his friends controlled a large majority of the stock, and he was also vice-president of the company passed into the hands of a receiver about two months later and at that time I had practically had no voice in the management of the company.

"My connection with it ended a few months later, and for considerably more than three years I have had no connection with the Asphalt company of any kind whatever."

The hearing was adjourned until temorrow, to meet in Washington.

Moors Fire on Destroyer. GIBRALTAR, Oct. 17.—The British torpedo boat destroyer Cherwell reports that yesterday evening while anchored between Ceuta and Ceres she was fired at by Moors, whose bullets pierced her funnel. The Cherwell threw her search light on the assailants. There were no casualties.

## HE'S NOT AN ACTRESS

Use of President's Picture in Tobacco

NEW YORK, Oct. 17.—President Roosevelt has promised immediate attention to a subject laid before him in connection with the use of his photograph for trade purposes. It appears that in every ifth pound-case of a celebrated brand of to-bacco there is a photograph of President Roosevelt, the other four containing the pictures of King Edward, the Mikado, Emperor William and the Czar. Great indignation was caused among members of the eigar trade in the United States. M. Diffley, president of the Cigar Dealers' association of the United States, wrote a letter to President Roosevelt, in which he said:

"I wish to protest against the use of your picture in this manner. Our members consider it an insult to you."

Secretary Loeb replied:

"Your letter of the 5th instant has been received, and on behalf of the President I thank you for calling attention to the matter of which you wrote. The subject in question will at once be taken up with the company you mention." to Be Stopped.

#### TERRORIZED BY EAGLES

A Swiss Boy's Desperate Fight for His Life Against Them. A story of the raids of three great eagles comes from Muhlebach, canton of Valais, Switzerland. These birds of prey have made several attacks on catile, and lately even on persons.

A short time ago they attacked a heifer, continually striking it with their powerful beaks till death ensued. They then almost surjedy devoured it.

Shortly afterward a new exploit was recorded to their credit. The three terrible birds threw themselves on a magnificent bull. The animal courageously defended itself but its head and neck were so ripped and torn by blows from the powerful beaks that a veterinary surgeon was called in to kill it. Finally they attacked a little girl who happened to be alone on the mountains. Her terrified cries were, however, happily heard, and help came in time no greater misfortune befalling her than the loss of a few trosses. The cagles have now become the terror of the country, and hunters are everywhere on the lookout.

A similar combat between a boy and a powerful cagle is reported from Geteig, near Berne. The lad, wounded on cheek and hand, contrived to drive the eagle against the cliff, dealing it blows till his umbrella broke. As the eagle made a third attack, the boy drove his pocket-knife into its eye, when with loud cries it returned swiftly to the mountains.—Petit Paristen. A short time ago they attacked a heifer

Tips in Department Stores.

Tips in Department Stores.

The tipping evil is growing in New York deapity the discussion aroused by the new law aimed at purchasing agents. The lattest class to demand tips are clerks in department stores. According to an experienced shopper, the woman who does not recognize and satisfy the itching palm of the girl who waits on her will obtain poor service in some stores. Akin to this is the store "graft" on which many of the clerks figure as a regular addition to their income. This is the change left over from purchases at odd prices, such as \$148, \$1.57, etc. Usually it only amounts to two or three cents, but very many persons give the seller \$1.50 or \$1.75, and go away without walting for the change. This often amounts to a considerable sum in the course of a day. Some times it even amounts to "white money, as sliver is called, and adds materially to the day's takings.—Philadelphia Ledger.



We are showing the larges line of Iron Beds in the city, and have them in all styles. All the new colors are also shown. price they range from

\$2.25 up.

YOUR CREDIT IS GOOD





## REGISTRATION RESULTS ARE SATISFACTORY

Leaders Express Pleasure Over Getting Out Good Number of Voters.

Party managers are trying to work ou ome political light from the results of the first day of registering of voters on Tuesday. While the districts had not been heard from completely last night, owing to the latenes of the closing hours of the registration fices, political sages all express themselves as pleased with the day. It is asserted that the first day always is lighter than the second, as many people postpone registering until the last moment.

None of the chairmen would confess disappointment at the results of the day. It was stated that the campaign is creating such an interest that many people are registering for the first time, although the campaign is more of a thinking than noisy one. The Mormons turned out in full force to register, as usual, and the Gentille women are registering more cheerfully than is their custom. Differences Over Law.

Francisco for perjury, are prepayment, among them being ser taurants and hotels. Suit will menced against Collins for I Poedle Dog restaurant. The St hotel may also sue for the price ner given there by Collins to a n sympathizers. All Profess Satisfaction.

Many complaints were made at the which some of the agents constri

WASHINGTON, Oct. 17.-In warships to the West Indies I acting not only with the know with the full approval of the Wigovernment. Before this action cided upon M. Jusserand, the Fr baseador, informed Secretary Regovernment's course of action, Secretary heartly approved. It clear that the Washington and P cruments have arrived at a thur derstanding regarding Venezue Creditors Press Collin VICTORIA, B. C., Oct. 17.-CI George D. Collins, the San lawyer, committed for extraditi

Approves Course of Fran WASHINGTON, Oct. 17.-18

Boy Killed in Coal Mit BELT, Mont., Oct. 17 .- Mich BELT, Mont., Get. 17.—Micha Jr., a nineteen-year-old by, was killed here this afternoon while in the coal mines. He was at whis father in the mine. They inside biasting out the coal a loading the car when a fall of several down directly mon the boy. The father was struck by a pube coal and was slightly injured

great dread of the and danger attendant the most critical of her life. Becc a mother should be a source of joy to all, but the suffering danger incident to the ordeal makes its anticipation one of

Every mother for

Mother's Friend is the only remedy which relieves women of the pain and danger of maternity; this hour which is dreaded as severest trial is not only made painless, but all the danger is by its use. Those who use this remedy are no longer despe gloomy; nervousness, nausea and other distressing condition overcome, the system is made ready for the coming event, serious accidents so common to the critical hour are obviated by the use of Mother's

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